Google Cloud

AI/ML and the future of Cybersecurity

Prepared for CS4HS

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Patrick Sullivan, Google NZ







10 min

Intros





A bit about me and my background



Patrick Sullivan
Enterprise Cloud Architect
Google Cloud
Auckland, NZ







2013 - 2015

Sydney, AU

Enterprise Cloud Architect

2022



2019 - Present



Sydney, AU



In your own words

- Name, role and background
- Level of familiarity with Cloud & Cybersecurity
- One thing (or more) you're hoping to get out of today.





Agenda

- 1 Intros
- What is 'Cloud' anyway and why does it matter?
- Google's security journey (we got hacked and it was a good thing)
- Some Al fun to get us started!
- Gamifying cybersecurity as a way of learning
- The future of cybersecurity skills & career pathways



10 min

What is Cloud anyway and why does

it matter?



Two examples of the old way of doing things:

- 1. Infrastructure
- 2. Security

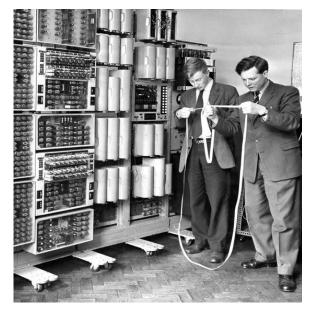


What's the first thing that comes to mind when you hear the word Infrastructure?





In the world of technology, we generally think of servers and mainframes as being infrastructure.







1950's

1970's

1990's



They store and process data (websites, cat videos etc)

Hewlett Packard ML350 Server

Back in 2011, 85% of all Christchurch businesses ran on servers, usually hidden in a broom closet somewhere, in their office.





Christchurch, Feb 22 2011 12:51pm





Immediately after the earthquake, businesses were no longer allowed to access their offices, power was out all across the city.



In many parts of the city it wasn't restored. They lost access to all their data, HR systems, email, files, docs company software, inventories, products, balance sheets, accounting systems...







They weren't allowed back in until the buildings were deemed safe by civil engineers. This was taking many months in some cases.



Backup Tapes

For many, the only piece of their business they had left were backup tapes like these, with copies of their data on it.





Where I worked at CCL, our datacenter was one of the last surviving in the city. We had big servers and lots of available capacity.







We spent the next 3-4 months working 80 hour weeks, restoring 100's of Canterbury businesses from backup tapes into our data center. It's a

painstaking, complex, error-prone process





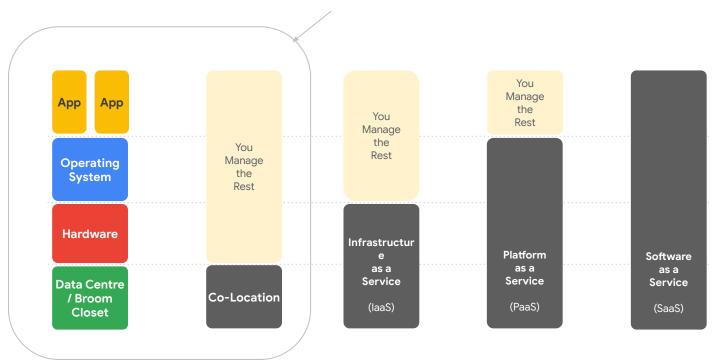


This would not have happened if those customers were using Cloud

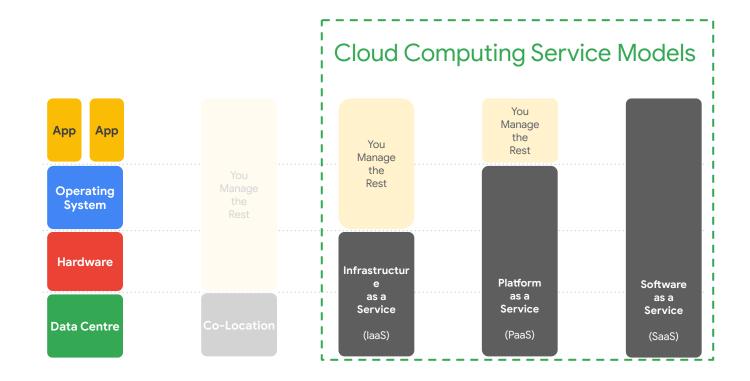


Enter the Cloud era!

Christchurch, 2011

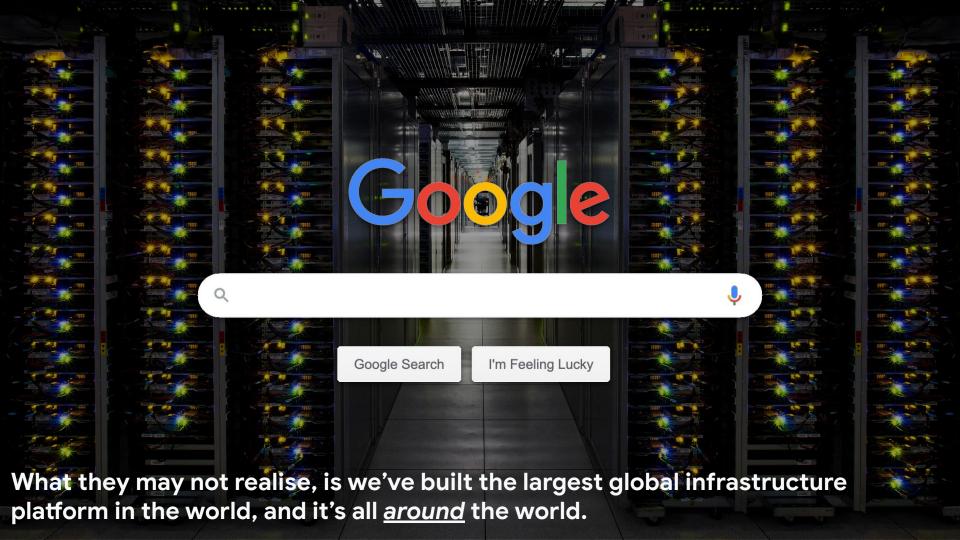


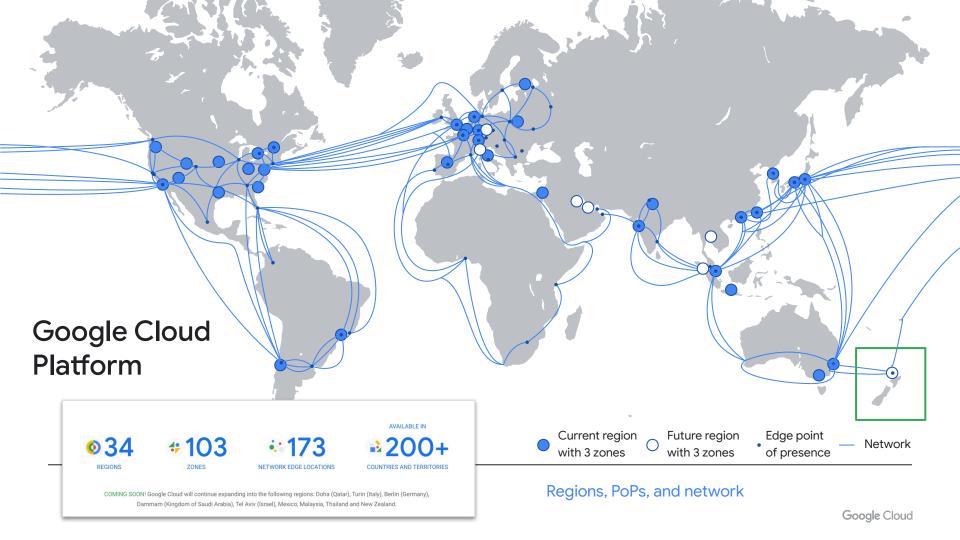
What is considered "cloud computing"?



Most people know Google for this, our ability to search entire world's information in 400ms and deliver the cat video you're really after.







If those Christchurch businesses were using Cloud, they would have been up and running again within minutes, from another Google data center

Two examples of the old way of doing things:

- 1. Infrastructure
- 2. Security



How most large organisations approach security, lots and lots of products.

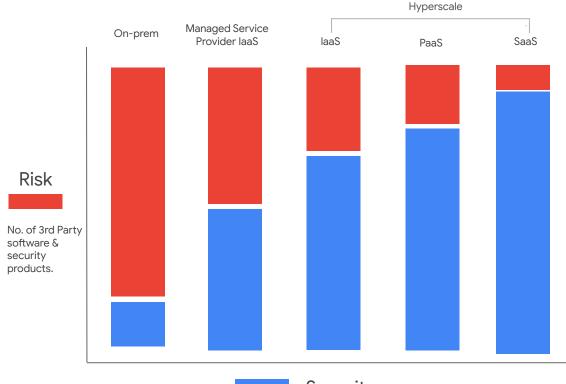




Complexity is the enemy of security



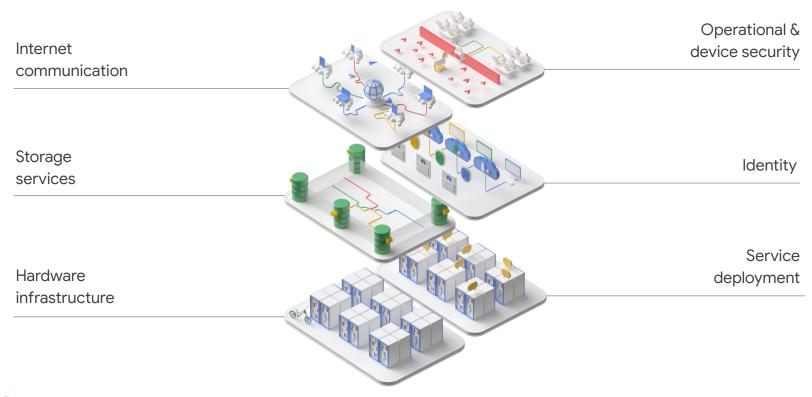
Risk profiles of various computing models





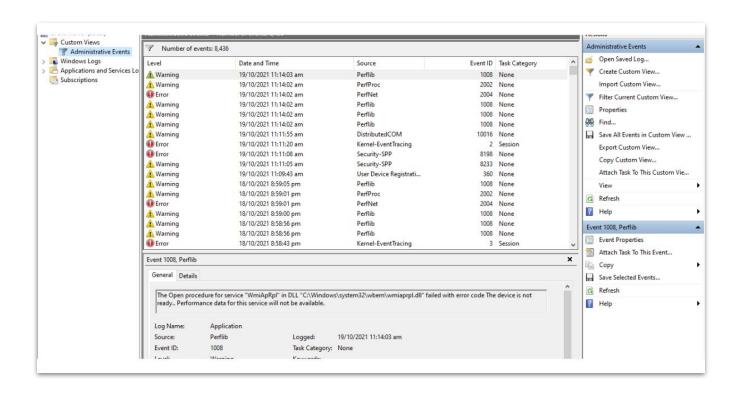
Security

At Google, we build the whole stack ourselves, including the security parts

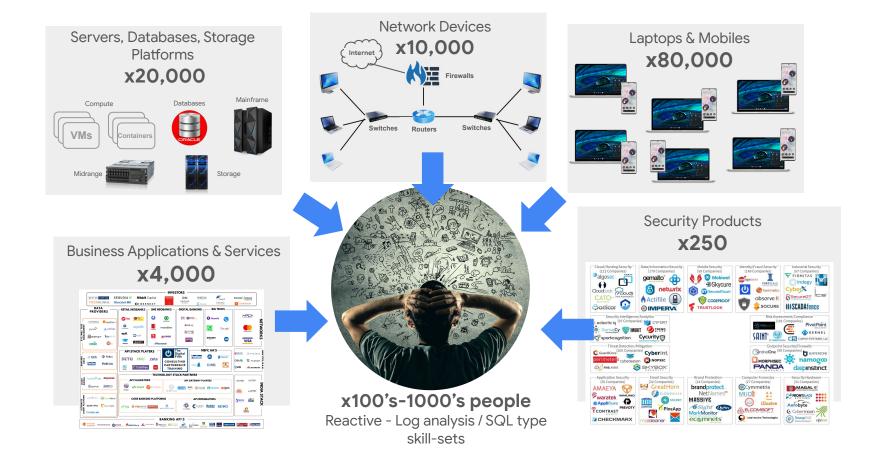




Your laptop produces 1000's of events every day. These need to be analysed by Security Operations Centers to find security problems.

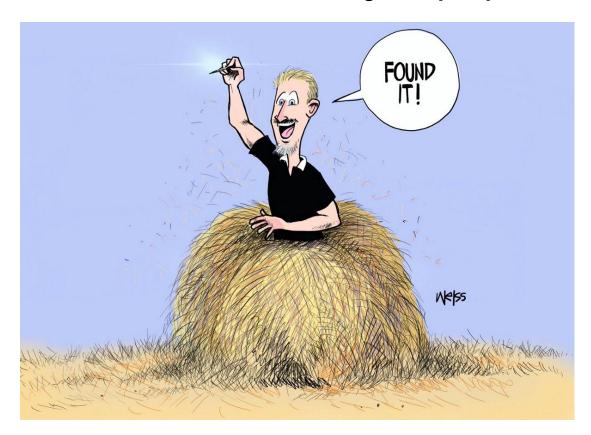


Combined with 10,000 other employees, applications, servers, network devices, the scale of the data problem is immense.



The average SOC in a large enterprise receives upwards of **2 billion events** per day

Finding a real security issue becomes like finding the proverbial needle in a haystack, and the likelihood we miss events goes up exponentially.



What this really comes down to is that Cybersecurity is a **data** problem

A security operations center. With more complexity, companies generally require more people to respond to sheer volume of alerts.



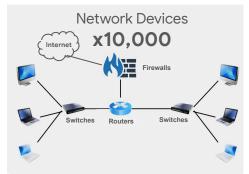
Complexity breeds a culture of 'No' and complexity makes our companies far less secure in the end.



The best Security Operations Centers, look like this. Less people, simpler technology stacks, more automation.













x50-100 people Proactive - AI/ML, Skill-sets







20 min

Google's security journey how we got hacked and why it was the best thing that happened to us





So what happened? Big Tech Co 3 `` Bad Person 典 www.dodgywebsite.com Command & Google Big Tech Co 2 Malware Phishing Lateral Movement Privilege **Escalation** APP1 Big Tech Co 4 Zero Day Vulnerability - A weakness in software or hardware never seen before by security researchers, antivirus or malware detection systems. Google Cloud

Why did it happen?

Because traditional Access assumes too much trust

Trusting passwords

Trusting networks

Trusting users

91%

of information security attacks start with phishing*

70%

of all attacks involve attempts at lateral movement**

34%

data breaches involve internal actors***

Trust nothing. Detect everything.





Trust Nothing:

Zero-trust, 2FA identity and context-aware global access to internal applications

Zero-trust

Detect **Everything:**

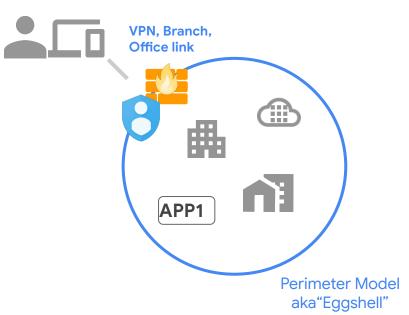
Telemetry-based, intelligence-driven high volume detection, investigation, and hunting leveraging Al/ML everywhere

Chronicle

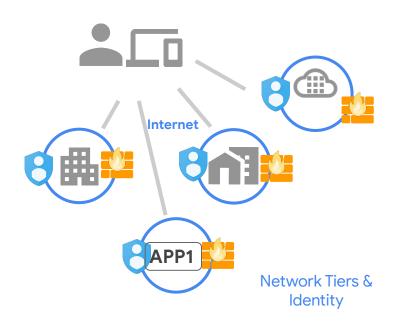


Traditional Security vs Trust Nothing (Zero Trust)

Traditional



Trust Nothing





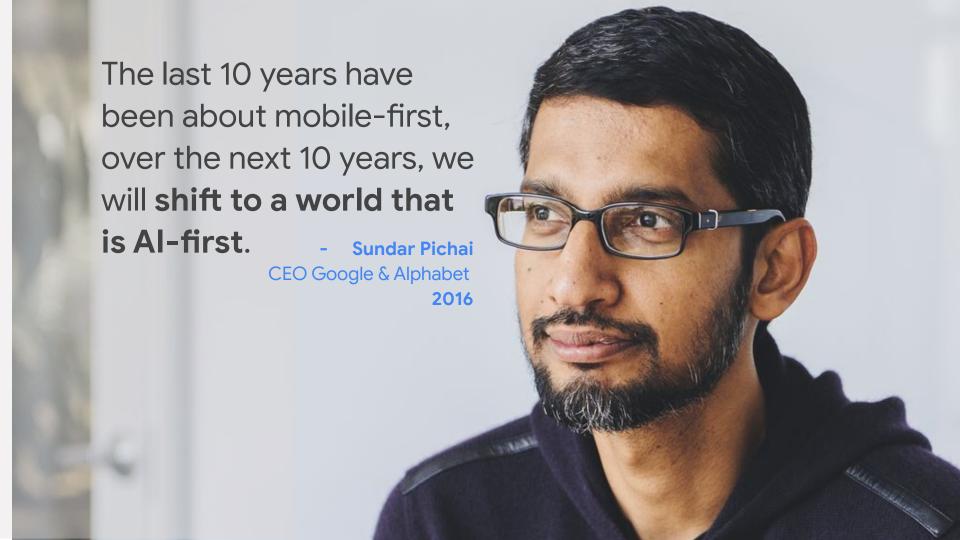


10 min

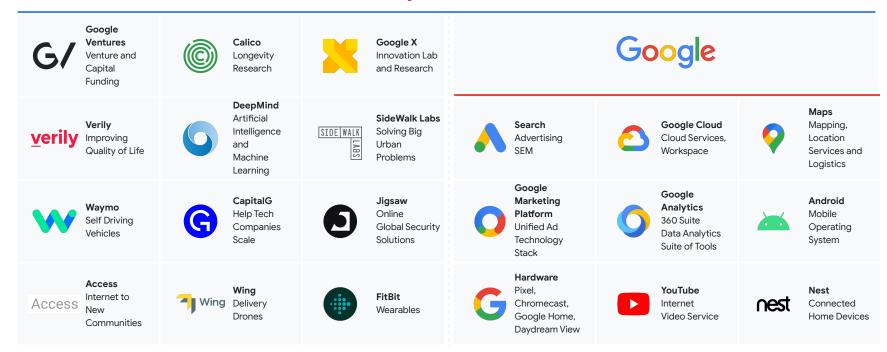
Some Al fun to get us started!







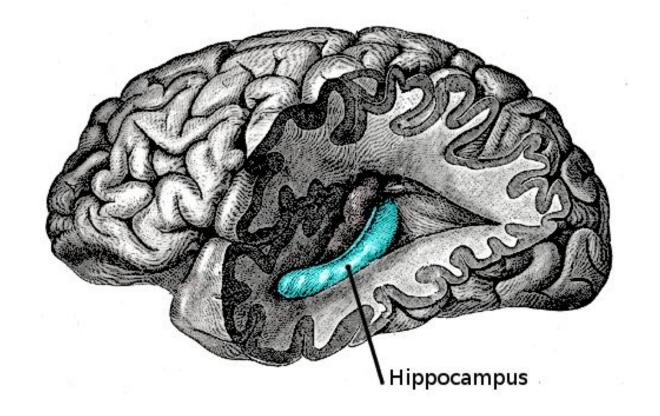
Alphabet



Big Bets





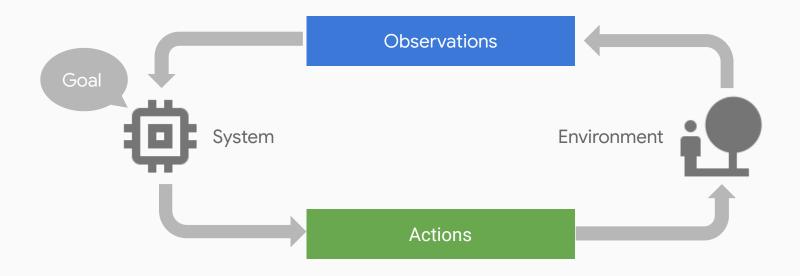


...Add the "high" and "dreaming while awake"

(Objective Function)

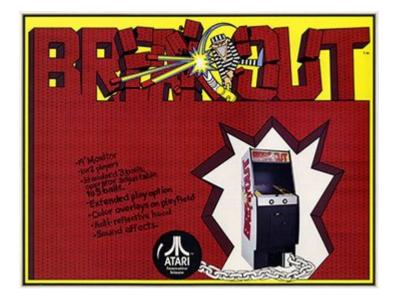
(Minibatch training)

Build a General AI based on reinforcement learning



Demis sought to apply deep learning to "reinforcement learning," where only reward guides adaptation.





Breakout - Invented by Steve Wozniak 1976



DeepMind - Playing
Atari with Deep
Reinforcement
Learning

https://arxiv.org/pdf/1312. 5602v1.pdf





- Pixels in, joystick out
- Just neurons

• 10 minutes...

Random luck.



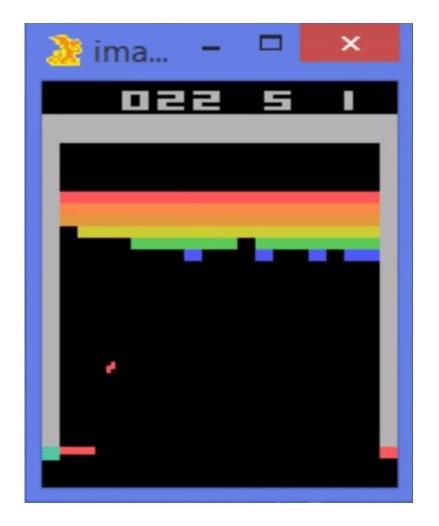
120 minutes...

Flawless



240 minutes...

Strategy emerges



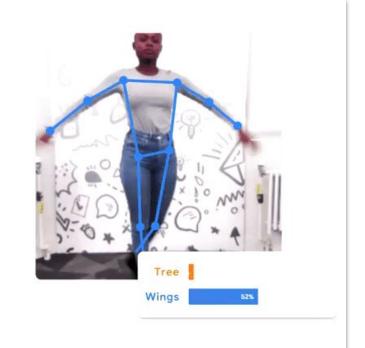
Grab your laptop and head to - teachablemachine.withgoogle.com

Teachable Machine

Train a computer to recognize your own images, sounds, & poses.

A fast, easy way to create machine learning models for your sites, apps, and more – no expertise or coding required.









10 min

Gamifying security to encourage curiosity and learning





Open your browser and go to:

tryhackme.com

- 1. Sign up and verify your email
- 2. Then go to:

tryhackme.com/room/ohsint

Hint to get started:

Open attackbox > terminal >

Hint: Type exiftool /root/Rooms/OhSINT/WindowsXP.jpg



TryHackMe Classrooms

Assign fun pre-built security labs and challenges to your students. Manage assignments in a teaching dashboard and monitor user progress.

Teach web app security





For your courses

Use our content as:

- · Supporting Course Labs
- · Assessments & Exams
- Real-world Challenges



Student Management

Put students into groups and assign them security labs and challenges to complete.



Monitor

View student activity and track their progress on your assignments.



Reusable Lab Content

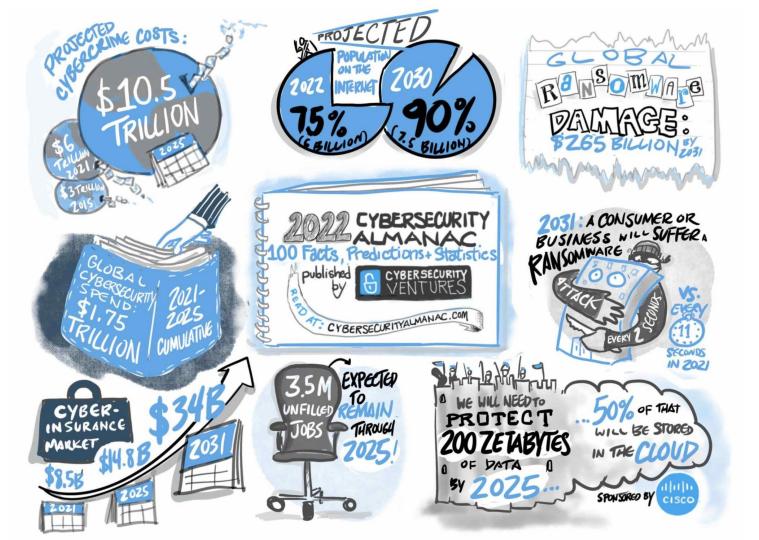
Save time creating exercises and choose from over 500 security labs to use in your classes.



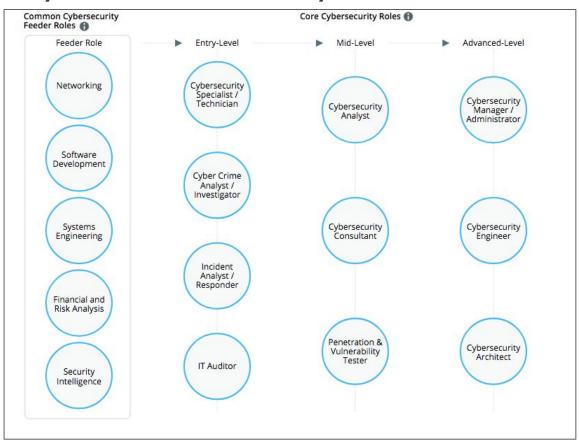
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The future of Cybersecurity skills and career pathways





Key Skills & Career Pathways



Current Skills

1. Networking

- IPv4 / IPv6, Networks, switching, routing.
- Secure Protocols, mTLS, TLS, etc.
- Firewalls, IDS, IPS Systems

2. Operating Systems

- System administration
- Windows, Linux, and Mac OS. A, Kali Linux
- Computer Forensics

3. Cryptography

- Private/Public Key Cryptography
- 4. Ethical Hacking and Penetration testing

5. Automation

CI/CD, YAML, IaC, Automation Tooling

5. App Development & Coding

- C, C# and C++ Python, JavaScript, PHP
- HTML, Go lang, Rust, Assembly

6. Cloud

- GCP, AWS, Azure.
- 7. Risk Modelling & Management

Future Skills

- 1. Blockchain & Web 3.0
- 2. Internet of Things (IoT)
- 3. Data & Artificial Intelligence (AI)
- 4. Quant Analysis / Cyber-insurance
- 5. Quantum Computing



Key Takeaways & Useful Resources





Historically, cybersecurity has been a reactive game, we build defences, then react to problems.



Moving forward, we will use AI/ML to train computers how to recognise and respond to cybersecurity threats



Bringing Google Security to the World

Strategic Advisory Services

Partner with executive leaders to advise and structure their digital security transformation. Proactive engagement and professional services support.

Trust and Compliance

Maintain and develop and compliance certifications that help our customers meet their compliance requirements. Work with lawmakers, regulators, public officials, industry associations, trade groups and key influencers, to shape opinion on regulations.

Customer and Solutions Engineering

Develop, launch, and scale anchor solutions that clearly solve business / organization risk issues while ensuring Google best practices with every solution.

Threat Intelligence and Incident Response

Share macro thematic and product contextualized threat intelligence to enhance customer capabilities. Timely response and prescriptive guidance on relevant industry incidents and crises.

GCAT Solutions



Security and Resilience Framework

Help our customers to assess risk, protect their businesses from threats, maintain continuous operations, and enable rapid recovery in the event of a crisis



Security Transformation

Provide customers with an ever-increasing, curated list of solutions and assets to evolve their security posture.



Strategic Information Sharing

Series of threat and cyber intelligence publications and cyber-range training exercises.

cloud.google.com/security/gcat



Google's premier security advisory team to support the security and digital transformation of government, critical infrastructure, enterprise, small business, consumers and society overall.

Recent Google Security Commitments:



Invest \$10 billion over the next five years to strengthen cybersecurity, ¹



1 of 9 initial partners of the Joint Cyber Defense Collaborative under DHS.²



Pledge to train 100,000 Americans in fields like IT Support and Data Analytics. ³

Useful Resources

Hacking Google - 6 part mini-series https://g.co/safety/HACKINGGOOGLE





TryHackMe - Online Cyber Security Modules, Challenges, CTF etc. https://tryhackme.com



Google Cybersecurity Action Team https://cloud.google.com/security/qcat



2022 Cybersecurity Almanac - Cybersecurity Ventures Cybersecurityalmanac.com





Useful Resources

Me - I'm always happy to come and talk to students about Cloud, Cybersecurity, AI/ML & Data.

Add me on LinkedIn!

https://www.linkedin.com/in/sullivanepatrick/





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